

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/824,186	04/14/2004	Thomas Jochen Schwalbe	CELL0034	5903
25268	7590 01/07/2005		EXAM	INER
LAW OFFICES OF RONALD M ANDERSON			LEVKOVICH, NATALIA A	
600 108TH A	VE, NE			
SUITE 507			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BELLEVUE,	WA 98004		1743	

DATE MAILED: 01/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Astion Comments	10/824,186	SCHWALBE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Natalia Levkovich	1743
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. CD (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 A This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under the second secon	s action is non-final. ince except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 14-34 is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) 1-34 are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 09/27/2004 is/are: a) ☒ Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. election requirement. er. ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati prity documents have been receive uu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	∆ □ 1 -1	(DTO 442)
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

Art Unit: 1743

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - Claims 1-13, drawn to an automated reaction system for continuously performing a plurality of optimization experiments, classified in class 422, subclasses 62 and 130.
 - II. Claims 14-34, drawn to method of optimizing reaction parameters, classified in class 436, subclass 34.
- 2. Inventions II and I are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the automated reaction system can be employed for performing a variety of chemical reactions and the method can be used with automated systems not comprising some elements of the inventive system, for example, not having a dilution pump.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversations with Mr. Ronald Anderson on 12/16/04 and Mr. Michael King on 12/17/04 a provisional election was made with preservation of traverse to

Art Unit: 1743

prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-13. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 14-34 were withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by Bard (USP 5,580,523).

Bard teaches a modular reactor system "for continuously synthesizing chemical compounds under controlled and regulated reaction conditions" having "interchangeable microreactors, that can be used in tandem [parallel-examiner], series, or individually..." The system "can be monitored to regulate the reaction process and/or create an optimal environment for the synthesis" and is designed "for continuous flow operation" and "to optimize control of residence time within a reaction zone". (Col.1, lines 5-10; col. 2, line 35).

The system components also comprise "fluid flow handling and control components,

mixers,... reaction ... units,... separatory devices, ... process variable detectors and controllers; and ... a computer interface for communicating with a master control center."

Page 3

Art Unit: 1743

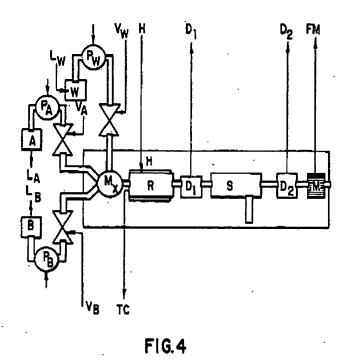
Page 4

"The flow control components ... can include pumps, flow channels, manifolds, flow restrictors, valves, etc. These components will have the necessary fittings that allow them to be sealed with the pre-arranged or selectively located flow channels or connectors. The flow system can also include detachable mixing devices... The detachable reaction units...can be of the thermal, electrochemical, photochemical, pressure type and be rectangular or cylindrical in shape".

"The ... system can also include a detachable separation chamber, and an analyzer capable of monitoring and/or controlling a process variable...The detectors can include electrochemical, spectroscopic or fluorescence based detectors to monitor the reactants, intermediates, or final products" (Col.4, lines 25-60).

For example, "the system of Figure 4 operates as follows: reagents A and B via pressure actuated pumps P.sub.A and P.sub.B, and valves V.sub.A and V.sub.B sequentially or simultaneously flow to the mixer M.sub.X. If isolation of a reagent is necessary, after reagent A is fed to mixer M.sub.X and discharged to the reactor R.sub.1, a wash fluid W is conveyed via pump P.sub.W and valve V.sub.W to the mixer M.sub.X and discharged. Signals from detectors D.sub.1, D.sub.2, thermocouple TC, and flowmeter FM are transmitted to the computer through interface 90 to control the flow of reagents A and B and temperature, or any additional reagents according to the process to be performed by the subject invention" (Col.7, lines 10-15).

Art Unit: 1743



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Art Unit: 1743

6. Claims 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bard (USP 5,580,523) in view of Dasgupta et al. (PGPUB 20020151080).

Bard does not teaches monitoring reaction parameters according to periodic pattern.

Dasgupta discloses "c ontinuous on-line titrations based on feedback-controlled flow and the principle of compensating errors are carried out in a titration system by maintaining a constant total flow of mixed sample and titrant. The flow of the titrant is varied in response to a controller output voltage, and accordingly..."(Abstract).

"The titrant flow is initially ramped upward in accordance with a preselected flow rate pattern. At the instant a change in a selected property of the mixed stream is sensed by the detector, the actual titrant flow rate ... (which is produced by the upwardly ramping flow control signal) is higher than the true equivalence flow rate ... because of the lag time between the occurrence of the first property change and its detection. The sensing of the change in property is used to cause the system controller output to immediately reverse its ramp direction so that the titrant flow is ramped downwardly in accordance with the same flow rate pattern" [0015]. The "invention is not limited to a particular controller output pattern, or wave shape" [0054], as well as more than one parameter can be monitored in accordance with varying patterns (see page 8, claims 11-15).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have employed a controller monitoring reaction parameters according to periodic patterns as one of the approaches to optimizing and continuously monitoring parameters of an automated reaction system of Bard.

Page 6

Art Unit: 1743

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Natalia Levkovich whose telephone number is 571-272-2462.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 8 a.m.-4p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on 571-272-1267. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1700

7

Page 7